Union Calendar No. 222

106th CONGRESS 1st Session

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[Report No. 106-341, Parts I and II]

A BILL

To facilitate the use of electronic records and signatures in interstate or foreign commerce.

October 15, 1999

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed

Union Calendar No. 222 H.R. 1714

106TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

[Report No. 106-341, Parts I and II]

To facilitate the use of electronic records and signatures in interstate or foreign commerce.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MAY 6, 1999

Mr. BLILEY (for himself, Mr. DAVIS of Virginia, Mr. TAUZIN, Mr. OXLEY, Mr. TOWNS, and Mr. FOSSELLA) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Commerce

SEPTEMBER 27, 1999

Reported with an amendment and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary for a period ending not later than October 15, 1999, for consideration of such provisions of the bill and amendment as fall within the jurisdiction of that committee pursuant to clause 1(k), rule X

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

October 15, 1999

Additional sponsors: Mr. DREIER, Mr. BURR of North Carolina, Mr. PICKERING, Mr. SHADEGG, and Mr. CANNON

October 15, 1999

Reported from the Committee on the Judiciary with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed [Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in boldface roman] [For text introduced bill, see copy of bill as introduced on May 6, 1999]

A BILL

To facilitate the use of electronic records and signatures in interstate or foreign commerce.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-

2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Electronic Signatures
5 in Global and National Commerce Act".

6 TITLE I—VALIDITY OF ELEC7 TRONIC RECORDS AND SIG8 NATURES FOR COMMERCE

9 SEC. 101. GENERAL RULE OF VALIDITY.

10 (a) GENERAL RULE.—With respect to any contract or 11 agreement entered into in or affecting interstate or foreign 12 commerce, notwithstanding any statute, regulation, or other 13 rule of law, the legal effect, validity, or enforceability of 14 such contract or agreement shall not be denied—

15 (1) on the ground that the contract or agreement
16 is not in writing if the contract or agreement is an
17 electronic record; or

(2) on the ground that the contract or agreement
is not signed or is not affirmed by a signature if the

contract or agreement is signed or affirmed by an
 electronic signature.

3 (b) AUTONOMY OF PARTIES IN COMMERCE.—With re4 spect to any contract or agreement entered into in or affect5 ing interstate or foreign commerce—

6 (1) the parties to such contract or agreement
7 may establish procedures or requirements regarding
8 the use and acceptance of electronic records and elec9 tronic signatures acceptable to such parties; and

(2) the legal effect, validity, or enforceability of
such contract or agreement shall not be denied because
of the type or method of electronic record or electronic
signature selected by the parties in establishing such
procedures or requirements.

15 SEC. 102. AUTHORITY TO ALTER OR SUPERSEDE GENERAL
16 RULE.

(a) PROCEDURE TO ALTER OR SUPERSEDE.—Except
as provided in subsection (b), a State statute, regulation,
or other rule of law enacted or adopted after the date of
enactment of this Act may modify, limit, or supersede the
provisions of section 101 if such statute, regulation, or rule
of law—

23 (1)(A) constitutes an enactment or adoption of
24 the Uniform Electronic Transactions Act as reported

1	to the State legislatures by the National Conference of
2	Commissioners on Uniform State Laws; or
3	(B) specifies the alternative procedures or re-
4	quirements for the use or acceptance of electronic
5	records or electronic signatures to establish the legal
6	effect, validity, or enforceability of contracts or agree-
7	ments;
8	(2) is enacted or adopted within 4 years after the
9	date of enactment of this Act; and
10	(3) makes specific reference to the provisions of
11	section 101.
12	(b) Limitations on Alteration or Superses-
13	SION.—A State statute, regulation, or other rule of law (in-
14	cluding an insurance statute, regulation, or other rule of
15	law), regardless of its date of enactment or adoption, that
16	modifies, limits, or supersedes section 101 shall not be effec-
17	tive to the extent that such statute, regulation, or rule—
18	(1) discriminates in favor of or against a spe-
19	cific technology, method, or technique of creating,
20	storing, generating, receiving, communicating, or au-
21	thenticating electronic records or electronic signa-
22	tures;
23	(2) discriminates in favor of or against a spe-
24	cific type or size of entity engaged in the business of

facilitating the use of electronic records or electronic
 signatures;

3 (3) is based on procedures or requirements that
4 are not specific or that are not publicly available; or
5 (4) is otherwise inconsistent with the provisions
6 of section 101.

7 (c) ACTIONS TO ENJOIN.—Whenever it shall appear 8 to the Secretary of Commerce that a State has enacted or adopted a statute, regulation, or other rule of law that is 9 prohibited by subsection (b), the Secretary may bring an 10 action to enjoin the enforcement of such statute, regulation, 11 or rule, and upon a proper showing a permanent or tem-12 porary injunction or restraining order shall be granted 13 without bond. 14

15 SEC. 103. SPECIFIC EXCLUSIONS.

16 The provisions of section 101 shall not apply to—

17 (1) a statute, regulation, or other rule of law
18 governing the creation and execution of wills, codicils,
19 or testamentary trusts; or

20 (2) a statute, regulation, or other rule of law
21 governing adoption, divorce, or other matters of fam22 ily law.

23 SEC. 104. DEFINITIONS.

24 For purposes of this title:

(1) ELECTRONIC RECORD.—The term "electronic
 record" means a writing, document, or other record
 created, stored, generated, received, or communicated
 by electronic means.

5 (2) ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE.—The term "elec-6 tronic signature" means information or data in elec-7 tronic form, attached to or logically associated with 8 an electronic record by a person or an electronic 9 agent, that is intended by a party to signify agree-10 ment to a contract or agreement.

(3) ELECTRONIC.—The term "electronic" means
 of or relating to technology having electrical, digital,
 magnetic, optical, electromagnetic, or similar capa bilities regardless of medium.

15 (4) ELECTRONIC AGENT.—The term "electronic
16 agent" means a computer program or an electronic or
17 other automated means used independently to initiate
18 an action or respond to electronic records in whole or
19 in part without review by an individual at the time
20 of the action or response.

TITLE II—DEVELOPMENT AND ADOPTION OF ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE PRODUCTS AND SERVICES

5 SEC. 201. TREATMENT OF ELECTRONIC SIGNATURES IN6INTERSTATE AND FOREIGN COMMERCE.

7 (a) INQUIRY REGARDING IMPEDIMENTS TO COM-8 MERCE.—

9 (1) INQUIRIES REQUIRED.—Within 90 days after 10 the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually 11 thereafter, the Secretary of Commerce, acting through 12 the Assistant Secretary for Communications and In-13 formation, shall complete an inquiry to—

(A) identify any domestic and foreign impediments to commerce in electronic signature
products and services and the manners in which
and extent to which such impediments inhibit
the development of interstate and foreign commerce;

20 (B) identify constraints imposed by foreign
21 nations or international organizations that con22 stitute barriers to providers of electronic signa23 ture products or services; and

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1	(C) identify the degree to which other na-
2	tions and international organizations are com-
3	plying with the principles in subsection $(b)(2)$.
4	(2) SUBMISSION.—The Secretary shall submit a
5	report to the Congress regarding the results of each
6	such inquiry within 90 days after the conclusion of
7	such inquiry.
8	(b) Promotion of Electronic Signatures.—
9	(1) REQUIRED ACTIONS.—The Secretary of Com-
10	merce, acting through the Assistant Secretary for
11	Communications and Information, shall promote the
12	acceptance and use, on an international basis, of elec-
13	tronic signatures in accordance with the principles
14	specified in paragraph (2) and in a manner con-
15	sistent with section 101 of this Act. The Secretary of
16	Commerce shall take all actions necessary in a man-
17	ner consistent with such principles to eliminate or re-
18	duce, to the maximum extent possible, the impedi-
19	ments to commerce in electronic signatures, including
20	those identified in the inquiries under subsection (a)
21	for the purpose of facilitating the development of
22	interstate and foreign commerce.
23	(2) PRINCIPLES.—The principles specified in
2.4	

24 this paragraph are the following:

1	(A) Free markets and self-regulation, rather
2	than government standard-setting or rules,
3	should govern the development and use of elec-
4	tronic records and electronic signatures.
5	(B) Neutrality and nondiscrimination
б	should be observed among providers of and tech-
7	nologies for electronic records and electronic sig-
8	natures.
9	(C) Parties to a transaction should be per-
10	mitted to establish requirements regarding the
11	use of electronic records and electronic signatures
12	acceptable to such parties.
13	(D) Parties to a transaction—
14	(i) should be permitted to determine
15	the appropriate authentication technologies
16	and implementation models for their trans-
17	actions, with assurance that those tech-
18	nologies and implementation models will be
19	recognized and enforced; and
20	(ii) should have the opportunity to
21	prove in court or other proceedings that
22	their authentication approaches and their
23	transactions are valid.
24	(E) Electronic records and electronic signa-
25	tures in a form acceptable to the parties should

not be denied legal effect, validity, or enforce ability on the ground that they are not in writ ing.

4 (F) De jure or de facto imposition of stand5 ards on private industry through foreign adop6 tion of regulations or policies with respect to
7 electronic records and electronic signatures
8 should be avoided.

9 (G) Paper-based obstacles to electronic
10 transactions should be removed.

11 (c) FOLLOWUP STUDY.—Within 5 years after the date 12 of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Commerce, acting through the Assistant Secretary for Communications and 13 Information, shall conduct an inquiry regarding any State 14 15 statutes, regulations, or other rules of law enacted or adopted after such date of enactment pursuant to section 102(a), 16 and the extent to which such statutes, regulations, and rules 17 comply with section 102(b). The Secretary shall submit a 18 report to the Congress regarding the results of such inquiry 19 by the conclusion of such 5-year period and such report 20 21 shall identify any actions taken by the Secretary pursuant 22 to section 102(c) and subsection (b) of this section.

23 (d) CONSULTATION.—In conducting the activities re24 quired by this section, the Secretary shall consult with users

and providers of electronic signature products and services
 and other interested persons.

3 (e) PRIVACY.—Nothing in this section shall be con4 strued to require the Secretary or the Assistant Secretary
5 to take any action that would adversely affect the privacy
6 of consumers.

7 (f) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the terms
8 "electronic record" and "electronic signature" have the
9 meanings provided in section 104 of the Electronic Signa10 tures in Global and National Commerce Act.

11 TITLE III—USE OF ELECTRONIC 12 RECORDS AND SIGNATURES 13 UNDER FEDERAL SECURITIES 14 LAW

15 SEC. 301. GENERAL VALIDITY OF ELECTRONIC RECORDS16AND SIGNATURES.

17 Section 3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
18 U.S.C. 78c) is amended by adding at the end the following
19 new subsection:

20 "(h) References to Written Records and Signa21 tures.—

22 "(1) GENERAL VALIDITY OF ELECTRONIC
23 RECORDS AND SIGNATURES.—Except as otherwise
24 provided in this subsection—

1	"(A) if a contract, agreement, or record (as
2	defined in subsection $(a)(37)$) is required by the
3	securities laws or any rule or regulation there-
4	under (including a rule or regulation of a self-
5	regulatory organization), and is required by
6	other Federal or State statute, regulation, or
7	other rule of law to be in writing, the legal effect,
8	validity, or enforceability of such contract, agree-
9	ment, or record shall not be denied on the ground
10	that the contract, agreement, or record is not in
11	writing if the contract, agreement, or record is
12	an electronic record;
13	``(B) if a contract, agreement, or record is
14	required by the securities laws or any rule or
15	regulation thereunder (including a rule or regu-
16	lation of a self-regulatory organization), and is
17	required by other Federal or State statute, regu-
18	lation, or other rule of law to be signed, the legal
19	effect, validity, or enforceability of such contract,
20	agreement, or record shall not be denied on the
21	ground that such contract, agreement, or record
22	is not signed or is not affirmed by a signature
23	if the contract, agreement, or record is signed or
24	affirmed by an electronic signature; and

affirmed by an electronic signature; and

"(C) if a broker, dealer, transfer agent, in-1 2 vestment adviser, or investment company enters 3 into a contract or agreement with, or accepts a 4 record from, a customer or other counterparty, 5 such broker, dealer, transfer agent, investment 6 adviser, or investment company may accept and 7 rely upon an electronic signature on such con-8 tract, agreement, or record, and such electronic 9 signature shall not be denied legal effect, valid-10 ity, or enforceability because it is an electronic 11 signature. 12 "(2) Implementation.— 13 "(A) REGULATIONS.—The Commission may 14 prescribe such regulations as may be necessary to 15 carry out this subsection consistent with the pub-16 lic interest and the protection of investors. 17 "(B) NONDISCRIMINATION.—The regulations 18 prescribed by the Commission under subpara-19 graph (A) shall not— 20 "(i) discriminate in favor of or against 21 a specific technology, method, or technique 22 of creating, storing, generating, receiving, 23 communicating, or authenticating electronic 24 records or electronic signatures; or

1	"(ii) discriminate in favor of or
2	against a specific type or size of entity en-
3	gaged in the business of facilitating the use
4	of electronic records or electronic signatures.
5	"(3) EXCEPTIONS.—Notwithstanding any other
6	provision of this subsection—
7	"(A) the Commission, an appropriate regu-
8	latory agency, or a self-regulatory organization
9	may require that records be filed in a specified
10	electronic format or formats if the records are re-
11	quired to be submitted to the Commission, an
12	appropriate regulatory agency, or a self-regu-
13	latory organization, respectively; and
14	"(B) the Commission may require that con-
15	tracts, agreements, or records relating to pur-
16	chases and sales, or establishing accounts for
17	conducting purchases and sales, of penny stocks
18	be manually signed, and may require such man-
19	ual signatures with respect to transactions in
20	similar securities if the Commission determines
21	that such securities are susceptible to fraud and
22	that such fraud would be deterred or prevented
23	by requiring manual signatures.
24	"(4) Relation to other law.—The provisions
25	of this subsection apply in lieu of the provisions of

1	title I of the Electronic Signatures in Global and Na-
2	tional Commerce Act to a contract, agreement, or
3	record (as defined in subsection $(a)(37)$) that is re-
4	quired by the securities laws.
5	"(5) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this subsection:
6	"(A) Electronic record.—The term 'elec-
7	tronic record' means a writing, document, or
8	other record created, stored, generated, received,
9	or communicated by electronic means.
10	"(B) Electronic signature.—The term
11	'electronic signature' means information or data
12	in electronic form, attached to or logically associ-
13	ated with an electronic record, that is intended
14	by a party to signify agreement to a contract or
15	agreement.
16	"(C) Electronic.—The term 'electronic'
17	means of or relating to technology having elec-
18	trical, digital, magnetic, optical, electromagnetic,
19	or similar capabilities regardless of medium.".
20	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
21	This Act may be cited as the "Electronic
22	Signatures in Global and National Commerce
23	Act".

TITLE I—VALIDITY OF ELEC TRONIC RECORDS AND SIG NATURES FOR COMMERCE

4 SEC. 101. FINDINGS.

5 The Congress makes the following find-6 ings:

7 (1) The growth of electronic com-8 merce and electronic government trans-9 actions represents a powerful force for 10 economic growth, consumer choice, im-11 proved civic participation, and wealth 12 creation.

(2) The promotion of growth in private sector electronic commerce through
Federal legislation is in the national interest because that market is globally important to the United States.

(3) A consistent legal foundation,
across multiple jurisdictions, for electronic commerce will promote the growth
of such transactions, and that such a
foundation should be based upon a simple, technology neutral, nonregulatory,
and market-based approach.

(4) The Nation and the world stand at 1 2 the beginning of a large-scale transition to an information society which will re-3 quire innovative legal and policy ap-4 proaches, and therefore, States can serve 5 the national interest by continuing their 6 proven role as laboratories of innovation 7 for quickly evolving areas of public pol-8 icy, provided that States also adopt a 9 consistent, reasonable national baseline 10 to eliminate obsolete barriers to elec-11 12 tronic commerce such as undue paper and pen requirements, and further, that 13 any such innovation should not unduly 14 burden interjurisdictional commerce. 15

(5) To the extent State laws or regula-16 17 tions do not provide a consistent, reason-18 able national baseline or in fact create an 19 undue burden to interstate commerce in 20 the important burgeoning area of electronic commerce, the national interest is 21 22 best served by Federal preemption to the extent necessary to provide such con-23 sistent, reasonable national baseline and 24 eliminate said burden, but that absent 25

such lack of consistent, reasonable na tional baseline or such undue burdens,
 the best legal system for electronic com merce will result from continuing experi mentation by individual jurisdictions.

(6) With due regard to the funda-6 7 mental need for a consistent national baseline, each jurisdiction that enacts 8 such laws should have the right to deter-9 10 mine the need for any exceptions to protect consumers and maintain consistency 11 12 with existing related bodies of law within a particular jurisdiction. 13

(7) Industry has developed several 14 electronic signature technologies for use 15 in electronic transactions, and the public 16 17 policies of the United States should serve 18 to promote a dynamic marketplace within which these technologies can compete. 19 20 Consistent with this Act, States should 21 permit the use and development of any 22 authentication technologies that are appropriate as practicable as between pri-23 24 vate parties and in use with State agencies. 25

1 SEC. 102. PURPOSES.

2 The purposes of this Act are—

3 (1) to permit and encourage the con4 tinued expansion of electronic commerce
5 through the operation of free market
6 forces rather than proscriptive govern7 mental mandates and regulations;

8 (2) to promote public confidence in 9 the validity, integrity, and reliability of 10 electronic commerce and online govern-11 ment under Federal law;

(3) to facilitate and promote electronic commerce by clarifying the legal
status of electronic records and electronic signatures in the context of writing and signing requirements imposed by
law;

(4) to facilitate the ability of private
parties engaged in interstate transactions
to agree among themselves on the terms
and conditions on which they use and accept electronic signatures and electronic
records; and

24 (5) to promote the development of a
 25 consistent national legal infrastructure
 26 necessary to support electronic com •HR 1714 RH

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merce at the Federal and State levels
 within existing areas of jurisdiction.
 SEC. 103. DEFINITIONS.

4 In this Act:

5 (1) ELECTRONIC.—The term "elec-6 tronic" means relating to technology hav-7 ing electrical, digital, magnetic, wireless, 8 optical, electromagnetic, or similar capa-9 bilities.

(2) AGENT.—The 10 **ELECTRONIC** term "electronic agent" means a computer pro-11 gram or an electronic or other automated 12 means used to initiate an action or re-13 spond to electronic records or perform-14 ances in whole or in part without review 15 by an individual at the time of the action 16 17 or response.

18 (3) ELECTRONIC RECORD.—The term
19 "electronic record" means a record cre20 ated, generated, sent, communicated, re21 ceived, or stored by electronic means.

(4) ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE.—The term
"electronic signature" means an electronic sound, symbol, or process attached
to or logically associated with an elec-

tronic record and executed or adopted by
 a person with the intent to sign the elec tronic record.

4 (5) RECORD.—The term "record" 5 means information that is inscribed on a 6 tangible medium or that is stored in an 7 electronic or other medium and is re-8 trievable in perceivable form.

(6) TRANSACTION.—The term "trans-9 action" means an action or set of actions 10 relating to the conduct of commerce be-11 12 tween 2 or more persons, neither of which is the United States Government, a 13 State, or an agency, department, board, 14 commission, authority, institution, or in-15 strumentality of the United States Gov-16 17 ernment or of a State.

18 (7) UNIFORM ELECTRONIC TRANSACTIONS 19 ACT.—The term "Uniform Electronic Transactions Act" means the Uniform 20 **Electronic Transactions Act as enacted** 21 22 by a State based on the form provided by the National Conference of Commis-23 sioners on Uniform State Law in the form 24

or any substantially similar variation
 thereof.

3 SEC. 104. PRINCIPLES GOVERNING THE USE OF ELEC4 TRONIC SIGNATURES IN INTERNATIONAL
5 TRANSACTIONS.

6 To the extent practicable, the Federal 7 Government shall observe the following prin-8 ciples in an international context to enable 9 commercial electronic transaction:

(1) Remove paper-based obstacles to
electronic transactions by adopting relevant principles from the Model Law on
Electronic Commerce adopted in 1996 by
the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law (UNCITRAL).

(2) Permit parties to a transaction to
determine the appropriate authentication
technologies and implementation models
for their transactions, with assurance
that those technologies and implementation models will be recognized and enforced.

23 (3) Permit parties to a transaction to
24 have the opportunity to prove in court or
25 other proceedings that their authentica-

tion approaches and their transactions
 are valid.

3 (4) Take a nondiscriminatory ap4 proach to electronic signatures and au5 thentication methods from other jurisdic6 tions.

7 SEC. 105. INTERSTATE CONTRACT CERTAINTY.

8 (a) IN GENERAL.—In any commercial trans-9 action affecting interstate commerce, a con-10 tract may not be denied legal effect or en-11 forceability solely because an electronic sig-12 nature or electronic record was used in its 13 formation.

(b) METHODS.—In commercial transactions affecting interstate commerce, the parties to a contract may agree on the terms and conditions on which they will use and accept electronic signatures and electronic records, except to the extent a law or regulation governing the record provides otherwise.

(c) RECORD RETENTION.—When a law requires that a contract be in writing, that requirement is satisfied by an electronic record
of the information in the record provided to
the parties which—

(1) accurately reflects the information
 set forth in the record after it was first
 generated in its final form as an elec tronic record or otherwise; and

5 (2) remains capable of retention in a 6 form that can be accessed for later ref-7 erence and used to prove the terms of the 8 agreement.

9 (d) FORMULATION OF CONTRACT.—A con-10 tract relating to a commercial transaction af-11 fecting interstate commerce may not be de-12 nied legal effect solely because its formation 13 involved—

14 (1) the interaction of electronic
15 agents of the parties; or

(2) the interaction of an electronic
agent of a party and an individual who
acts on that individual's own behalf or
for another person.

20 (e) APPLICATION IN UETA STATES.—This
21 section does not apply in any State in which
22 the Uniform Electronic Transactions Act is in
23 effect.

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TO ELECTRONIC COMMERCE.

3 (a) BARRIERS.—Each Federal agency shall, 4 not later than 6 months after the date of en-5 actment of this Act, provide a report to the Di-6 rector of the Office of Management and Budget and the Secretary of Commerce identifying 7 any provision of law administered by such 8 agency, or any regulations issued by such 9 10 agency and in effect on the date of enactment of this Act, that may impose a barrier to elec-11 12 tronic transactions, or otherwise to the con-13 duct of commerce online or by electronic 14 means. Such barriers include, but are not lim-15 ited to, barriers imposed by a law or regula-16 tion directly or indirectly requiring that sig-17 natures, or records of transactions, be accom-18 plished or retained in other than electronic 19 form. In its report, each agency shall identify 20 the barriers among those identified whose re-21 moval would require legislative action, and 22 shall indicate agency plans to undertake reg-23 ulatory action to remove such barriers among 24 those identified as are caused by regulations 25 issued by the agency.

1 (b) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—The Secretary 2 of Commerce, in consultation with the Direc-3 tor of the Office of Management and Budget, 4 shall, within 18 months after the date of en-5 actment of this Act, and after the consultation 6 required by subsection (c) of this section, re-7 port to the Congress concerning—

8 (1) legislation needed to remove bar-9 riers to electronic transactions or other-10 wise to the conduct of commerce online 11 or by electronic means; and

(2) actions being taken by the execu-12 tive branch and individual Federal agen-13 cies to remove such barriers as are 14 caused by agency regulations or policies. 15 (c) CONSULTATION.—In preparing the re-16 port required by this section, the Secretary of 17 18 Commerce shall consult with the General Services Administration, the National Ar-19 20 chives and Records Administration, and the 21 Attorney General concerning matters involv-22 ing the authenticity of records, their storage 23 and retention, and their usability for law en-24 forcement purposes.

(d) INCLUDE FINDINGS IF NO RECOMMENDA-1 TIONS.—If the report required by this section 2 omits recommendations for actions needed to 3 fully remove identified barriers to electronic 4 transactions or to online or electronic com-5 merce, it shall include a finding or findings, 6 7 including substantial reasons therefor, that such removal is impracticable or would be in-8 consistent with the implementation or en-9 10 forcement of applicable laws.

11 SEC. 107. STUDY OF EFFECTS OF ELECTRONIC COMMERCE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Federal Trade Commission and the Secretary of Commerce shall
conduct a study of electronic commerce
issues.

16 (b) RESPONSIBILITY OF EACH AGENCY.—

(1) FTC.—The Federal Trade Commission, in consultation with the Secretary
of Commerce, shall conduct a portion of
the study to determine the effectiveness
of Federal and State consumer protection
laws with respect to electronic transactions involving consumers.

24 (2) COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.—The Sec25 retary of Commerce, in consultation with

the Federal Trade Commission, shall conduct a portion of the study to determine the extent to which a uniform commercial legal framework would facilitate and enforce interstate electronic trans-

6 actions.

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7 (c) REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after
8 the date of the enactment of this Act, the Fed9 eral Trade Commission and the Secretary of
10 Commerce shall transmit a report to Congress
11 containing —

12 (1) findings from the study required
13 under subsection (a); and

(2) such recommendations for legislation or administrative actions as the Federal Trade Commission and the Secretary
of Commerce, respectively, deem appropriate.

(d) BIENNIAL UPDATES.—The Federal Trade
Commission and the Secretary of Commerce
shall update the report every 2 years thereafter and transmit the updated report to the
Congress.

1 TITLE II—DEVELOPMENT AND 2 ADOPTION OF ELECTRONIC 3 SIGNATURE PRODUCTS AND 4 SERVICES

5SEC. 201. TREATMENT OF ELECTRONIC SIGNATURES IN6INTERSTATE AND FOREIGN COMMERCE.

7 (a) INQUIRY REGARDING IMPEDIMENTS TO 8 COMMERCE.—

9 (1) INQUIRIES REQUIRED.—Within 90 10 days after the date of the enactment of 11 this Act, and annually thereafter, the Sec-12 retary of Commerce, acting through the 13 Assistant Secretary for Communications 14 and Information, shall complete an in-15 quiry to—

16 (A) identify any domestic and for-17 eign impediments to commerce in 18 electronic signature products and 19 services and the manners in which 20 and extent to which such impedi-21 ments inhibit the development of 22 interstate and foreign commerce;

23 (B) identify constraints imposed
24 by foreign nations or international
25 organizations that constitute barriers

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products or services; and
(C) identify the degree to which
other nations and international orga-
nizations are complying with the
principles in subsection (b)(2).
(2) SUBMISSION.—The Secretary shall
submit a report to the Congress regard-
ing the results of each such inquiry with-
in 90 days after the conclusion of such in-
quiry.
(b) PROMOTION OF ELECTRONIC SIGNA-
TURES.—
TURES.— (1) REQUIRED ACTIONS.—The Secretary
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(1) REQUIRED ACTIONS.—The Secretary of Commerce, acting through the Assist- ant Secretary for Communications and Information, shall promote the accept-
(1) REQUIRED ACTIONS.—The Secretary of Commerce, acting through the Assist- ant Secretary for Communications and Information, shall promote the accept- ance and use, on an international basis,
(1) REQUIRED ACTIONS.—The Secretary of Commerce, acting through the Assist- ant Secretary for Communications and Information, shall promote the accept- ance and use, on an international basis, of electronic signatures in accordance
(1) REQUIRED ACTIONS.—The Secretary of Commerce, acting through the Assist- ant Secretary for Communications and Information, shall promote the accept- ance and use, on an international basis, of electronic signatures in accordance with the principles specified in para-
(1) REQUIRED ACTIONS.—The Secretary of Commerce, acting through the Assist- ant Secretary for Communications and Information, shall promote the accept- ance and use, on an international basis, of electronic signatures in accordance with the principles specified in para- graph (2) and in a manner consistent
(1) REQUIRED ACTIONS.—The Secretary of Commerce, acting through the Assist- ant Secretary for Communications and Information, shall promote the accept- ance and use, on an international basis, of electronic signatures in accordance with the principles specified in para- graph (2) and in a manner consistent with section 105 of this Act. The Sec-

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to providers of electronic signature

1	the maximum extent possible, the impedi-
2	ments to commerce in electronic signa-
3	tures, including those identified in the in-
4	quiries under subsection (a) for the pur-
5	pose of facilitating the development of
6	interstate and foreign commerce.
7	(2) PRINCIPLES.—The principles speci-
8	fied in this paragraph are the following:
9	(A) Free markets and self-regula-
10	tion, rather than government stand-
11	ard-setting or rules, should govern
12	the development and use of electronic
13	records and electronic signatures.
14	(B) Neutrality and nondiscrimina-
15	tion should be observed among pro-
16	viders of and technologies for elec-
17	tronic records and electronic signa-
18	tures.
19	(C) Parties to a transaction
20	should be permitted to establish re-
21	quirements regarding the use of elec-
22	tronic records and electronic signa-
23	tures acceptable to such parties.
24	(D) Parties to a transaction—

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1	(i) should be permitted to de-
2	termine the appropriate authen-
3	tication technologies and imple-
4	mentation models for their trans-
5	actions, with assurance that those
6	technologies and implementation
7	models will be recognized and en-
8	forced; and
9	(ii) should have the oppor-
10	tunity to prove in court or other
11	proceedings that their authen-
12	tication approaches and their
13	transactions are valid.
14	(E) Electronic records and elec-
15	tronic signatures in a form accept-
16	able to the parties should not be de-
17	nied legal effect, validity, or enforce-
18	ability on the ground that they are
19	not in writing.
20	(F) De jure or de facto imposition
21	of standards on private industry
22	through foreign adoption of regula-
23	tions or policies with respect to elec-
24	tronic records and electronic signa-
25	tures should be avoided.

(G) Paper-based obstacles to elec tronic transactions should be re moved.

(c) FOLLOWUP STUDY.—Within 5 years after 4 5 the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Commerce, acting through the As-6 7 sistant Secretary for Communications and Information, shall conduct an inquiry regarding 8 any State statutes, regulations, or other rules 9 10 of law enacted or adopted after such date of 11 enactment. The Secretary shall submit a re-12 port to the Congress regarding the results of 13 such inquiry by the conclusion of such 5-year 14 period and such report shall identify any ac-15 tions taken by the Secretary pursuant to sub-16 section (b) of this section.

(d) CONSULTATION.—In conducting the activities required by this section, the Secretary
shall consult with users and providers of electronic signature products and services and
other interested persons.

(e) PRIVACY.—Nothing in this section shall
be construed to require the Secretary or the
Assistant Secretary to take any action that

1 would adversely affect the privacy of con-2 sumers.

3 (f) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, 4 the terms "electronic record" and "electronic 5 signature" have the meanings provided in sec-6 tion 103 of the Electronic Signatures in Global 7 and National Commerce Act.

8 TITLE III—USE OF ELECTRONIC
9 RECORDS AND SIGNATURES
10 UNDER FEDERAL SECURITIES
11 LAW

12 SEC. 301. GENERAL VALIDITY OF ELECTRONIC RECORDS
13 AND SIGNATURES.

Section 3 of the Securities Exchange Act
of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c) is amended by adding
at the end the following new subsection:

17 "(h) REFERENCES TO WRITTEN RECORDS AND
18 SIGNATURES.—

19 "(1) GENERAL VALIDITY OF ELECTRONIC
20 RECORDS AND SIGNATURES.—Except as oth21 erwise provided in this subsection—

"(A) if a contract, agreement, or
record (as defined in subsection
(a)(37)) is required by the securities
laws or any rule or regulation there-

under (including a rule or regulation 1 of a self-regulatory organization), and 2 is required by other Federal or State 3 statute, regulation, or other rule of 4 law to be in writing, the legal effect, 5 validity, or enforceability of such con-6 7 tract, agreement, or record shall not be denied on the ground that the con-8 tract, agreement, or record is not in 9 writing if the contract, agreement, or 10 record is an electronic record:

12 "(B) if a contract, agreement, or record is required by the securities 13 laws or any rule or regulation there-14 under (including a rule or regulation 15 of a self-regulatory organization), and 16 17 is required by other Federal or State 18 statute, regulation, or other rule of law to be signed, the legal effect, va-19 20 lidity, or enforceability of such contract, agreement, or record shall not 21 22 be denied on the ground that such 23 contract, agreement, or record is not signed or is not affirmed by a signa-24 ture if the contract, agreement, or 25

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record is signed or affirmed by an electronic signature; and

"(C) if a broker, dealer, transfer 3 agent, investment adviser, or invest-4 ment company enters into a contract 5 6 agreement with, or accepts a or 7 record from, a customer or other 8 counterparty, such broker, dealer, transfer agent, investment adviser, or 9 10 investment company may accept and rely upon an electronic signature on 11 12 such contract, agreement, or record, and such electronic signature shall 13 not be denied legal effect, validity, or 14 enforceability because it is an elec-15 tronic signature. 16

"(2) IMPLEMENTATION.—

18 "(A) REGULATIONS.—The Commis19 sion may prescribe such regulations
20 as may be necessary to carry out this
21 subsection consistent with the public
22 interest and the protection of inves23 tors.

24 "(B) NONDISCRIMINATION.—The
25 regulations prescribed by the Com-

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1	mission under subparagraph (A) shall
2	not—
3	"(i) discriminate in favor of or
4	against a specific technology,
5	method, or technique of creating,
6	storing, generating, receiving,
7	communicating, or authenticating
8	electronic records or electronic
9	signatures; or
10	"(ii) discriminate in favor of
11	or against a specific type or size
12	of entity engaged in the business
13	of facilitating the use of elec-
14	tronic records or electronic signa-
15	tures.
16	"(3) EXCEPTIONS.—Notwithstanding
17	any other provision of this subsection—
18	"(A) the Commission, an appro-
19	priate regulatory agency, or a self-
20	regulatory organization may require
21	that records be filed in a specified
22	electronic format or formats if the
23	records are required to be submitted
24	to the Commission, an appropriate

regulatory agency, or a self-regu-1 latory organization, respectively; and 2 "(B) the Commission may require 3 4 that contracts, agreements, or records relating to purchases and 5 6 sales, or establishing accounts for 7 conducting purchases and sales, of penny stocks be manually signed, and 8 may require such manual signatures 9 with respect to transactions in simi-10 lar securities if the Commission de-11 termines that such securities are sus-12 ceptible to fraud and that such fraud 13 14 would be deterred or prevented by requiring manual signatures. 15

"(4) **Relation** to other law.—The 16 17 provisions of this subsection apply in lieu 18 of the provisions of title I of the Electronic Signatures in Global and National 19 20 Commerce Act to a contract, agreement, record (as defined in subsection 21 or (a)(37)) that is required by the securities 22 23 laws.

24 "(5) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this sub25 section:

"(A) 1 ELECTRONIC **RECORD.**—The 2 term 'electronic record' means a writ-3 ing, document, or other record created, stored, generated, received, or 4 communicated by electronic means. 5 "(B) ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE.—The 6 term 'electronic signature' means in-7 formation or data in electronic form, 8 attached to or logically associated 9 with an electronic record, that is in-10 tended by a party to signify agree-11 12 ment to a contract or agreement. "(C) ELECTRONIC.—The term 'elec-13 tronic' means of or relating to tech-14 nology having electrical, digital, mag-15 netic, optical, electromagnetic, or 16

similar capabilities regardless of me-

18 **dium.".**

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